

1. $\vec{T}_{AB} = \frac{210}{7} (-2\hat{i} - 6\hat{j} + 3\hat{k}) [N]$

$\vec{T}_{AC} = \frac{140}{7} (-6\hat{i} - 3\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}) [N]$

$\vec{R} = \vec{T}_{AB} + \vec{T}_{AC}$

$\vec{R} = -180\hat{i} - 240\hat{j} + 130\hat{k} [N]$

$\cos \theta = \frac{\vec{T}_{AB} \cdot \vec{T}_{AC}}{|\vec{T}_{AB}| |\vec{T}_{AC}|} ; \theta = 42.72^\circ$

2. $\vec{R} = -1035\hat{j} [N]$

Con respecto al origen

$\sum M_{xx} = 3(375) + 0.5(260) + 4.75(400)$

$\sum M_{xx} = 3155 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$

$\sum M_{yy} = 0$

$\sum M_{zz} = -1(375) - 1.5(260) - 4.75(400)$

$\sum M_{zz} = -2665$

$\vec{M}_0 = 3155\hat{i} - 2665\hat{k} [N\cdot\text{m}] \text{ ①}$

Ubicación de la resultante

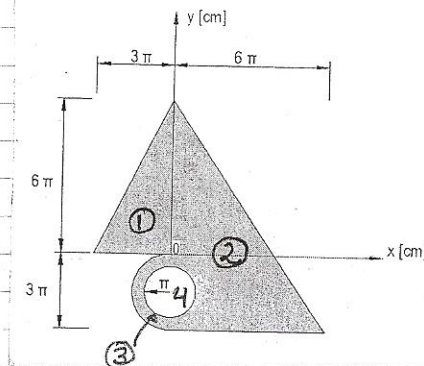
$\vec{M}_0 = (x, 0, z) \times (0, -1035, 0)$

$\vec{M}_0 = 1035z\hat{i} - 1035x\hat{k} [N\cdot\text{m}] \text{ ②}$

Igualeando ① y ②

$x = 2.57 \text{ m}, y = 0, z = 3.05 \text{ m}$

3.-



	\bar{x}_i [cm]	\bar{y}_i [cm]	A_i [cm ²]	$\bar{x}_i A_i$ [cm ³]	$\bar{y}_i A_i$ [cm ³]
①	$-\pi$	2π	$9\pi^2$	$-9\pi^3$	$18\pi^3$
②	2π	0	$27\pi^2$	$54\pi^3$	0
③	-2	-1.5π	$1.25\pi^3$	$-2.25\pi^3$	$-1.68\pi^4$
④	0	-1.5π	π^3	0	$-1.5\pi^4$
Σ			359.18	1325.52	539.85

$\bar{x} = 3.69 \text{ cm}, \bar{y} = 1.5 \text{ cm}$

4. $\vec{R} = -5000\hat{j} ; \vec{M}_B = -2000\hat{k} [N\cdot\text{m}]$

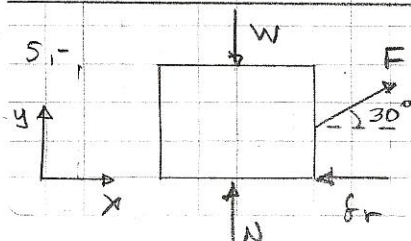
a) $\vec{R} \cdot \vec{M}_B = 0$ el sistema se reduce a una sola fuerza

b) $x(5000) = 2000 \Rightarrow x = 0.4 \text{ m}$
a la derecha de B
cruza las barras BC, MC y ML

c) $\sum F_y = R_A + R_H - 5000 = 0 ; \sum F_x = 0$

$\sum M_A = -1.4(5000) + 6R_H = 0$

$R_A = 3833.33 \text{ N} ; R_H = 1166.67 \text{ N}$



$\sum F_x = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} F - f_r = 0$

$\sum F_y = N + \frac{1}{2} F - W = 0$

$f_r = \mu_s N$

$N = W - \frac{1}{2} F$

$F = \frac{2\mu_s W}{\sqrt{3} + \mu}$

$F = 15 \text{ N}$